# CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDED

JUNE 30, 2005

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2005

#### Board Members:

Paul Madison - President Gena Rusher - Vice President Dawn Hamilton Melanie Hamilton Bob Turner

#### Superintendent:

Lori Wehlander

#### Business Manager:

Erin Feldhaus

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	1-2
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs	3
Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs	4
Independent Auditor's Report	5-6
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	7–15
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
As of June 30, 2005:	
Statement of Net Assets	16
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	
Statement of Activities	17
Fund Financial Statements:	
As of June 30, 2005:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	19
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	20-21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statements of Activities	22

# Government-Wide Financial Statements:

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

for the fiscal lear made out of,	
Statement of Activities	23
Fund Financial Statements:	
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	24-25
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statements of Activities	26
Notes to the Financial Statements	27-41
Required Supplementary Information:	42
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund - Budgetary Basis	43-44
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Outlay Fund - Budgetary Basis	45
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund - Budgetary Basis	46
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund - Budgetary Basis	47–48
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Outlay Fund - Budgetary Basis	49
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund - Budgetary Basis	50
Required Supplementary Information:	51
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	52-53

# HARRINGTON & ASSOCIATES, LTD. **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT**

239 Wisconsin Ave SW Huron, SD 57350-0951 (605) 352-8573

PO Box 951, Huron, SD 57350 www.harringtonassociatesltd.com Fax (605) 352-8594

114 East 3<sup>RD</sup> Street Miller, SD 57362 (605) 853-2130

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Carthage School District No. 48-2 Miner County, South Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carthage School District No. 48-2, Miner County, South Dakota, as of and for the two years ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise Carthage School District's basic financial statements and have We conducted our audit in issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2008. accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Carthage School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carthage School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of federal awarding agencies and pass through entities, the South Dakota Legislature, state and federal granting agencies, and the governing board and management of the Carthage School District No. 48-2 and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, as required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

orington & associates, FD. November 10, 2008

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

## PRIOR OTHER AUDIT FINDINGS:

There are no prior written other audit comments.

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

## CURRENT OTHER AUDIT FINDINGS:

There are no written current other audit findings to report.

#### CLOSING CONFERENCE

The closing conference was held on November 10, 2008 with JoAnne Windedahl, Business Manager and Lori Wehlander, Superintendent.

# HARRINGTON & ASSOCIATES, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

239 Wisconsin Ave SW Huron, SD 57350-0951 (605) 352-8573 PO Box 951, Huron, SD 57350 www.harringtonassociatesltd.com Fax (605) 352-8594 114 East 3<sup>ND</sup> Street Miller, SD 57362 (605) 853-2130

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Carthage School District No. 48-2 Miner County, South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carthage School District No. 48-2, Miner County, South Dakota, as of and for the two years ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise Carthage School District's basic financial statements, as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Carthage School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carthage School District No. 48-2 as of and for the two years ending June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued a report dated November 10, 2008 on our consideration of Carthage School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and, should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 15 and 43 through 53, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Huron, South Dakota Dakota & Olivaciales, \$10.

November 10, 2008

This section of Carthage School District 48-2 annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the two fiscal years ended on June 30, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which follows this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- During the year, the School's revenues generated from taxes and other revenues of the governmental programs were \$22,882 less than the \$235,716 governmental program expenditures in FY05.
- During the year, the School's revenues generated from taxes and other revenues of the governmental programs were \$7,789 more than the \$227,577 governmental program expenditures in FY04.
- The total cost of the School's programs in FY05 increased by approximately 4%. This was primarily
  due to insurance costs, payroll increases, and minor increases in all other areas.
- The general fund reported a \$23,676 current year decrease in FY05 primarily due to the normal pay increase to teaching staff.
- The special education fund reported a \$27,638 current year increase in FY05 primarily due to receiving approximately \$40,000 in tax revenues but only spending approximately \$13,000 in special education expenditures.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School government, reporting the School's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
  - The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The school does not have any proprietary funds or fiduciary funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The notes are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the School's financial statements, including the portion of the School government covered and the types of information contained. The remainder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		gure A-1
Major Fe	atures of Carthage School's Gov	vernment-wide and Fund Financial Statements
		d Statements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire School government	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as elementary and high school education programs.
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	*Balance Sheet *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter no capital assets included
Type of inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the School's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the School's financial health or position.

- Increases or decreases in the School's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the School you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such
  as changes in the School's property tax base and changes in the state school aid funding formula
  from the State of South Dakota.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are reported as such:

Governmental Activities - This category includes the School's basic instructional services, such as
elementary and high school educational programs, support services (guidance counselor, executive
administration, board of education, fiscal services, etc.), and capital equipment purchases. Property
taxes and interest earnings finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds – not the School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- State Law requires some of the funds.
- The School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The School has one kind of fund:

Governmental Funds – Most of the School's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Assets**

The School's combined net assets decreased as follows:

# Table A-1 Carthage School District 48-2 Statement of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities				
<u>-</u> -		2004		2005	
Current and Other Assets	\$	364,500	\$	344,528	
Capital Assets		25,262		26,432	
Total Assets	\$	389,762	\$	370,960	
Long Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$	10,137 10,137	\$	3,688 10,529 14,217	
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets		25,262		22,744	
Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	<u> </u>	132,977 221,386 379,625		146,238 187,761 356,743	
Beginning Net Assets	<del>_</del> _\$_	371,836	\$	379,625	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	_\$_	7,789	\$	(22,882)	
Percentage of increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		2.1%		(6.0%)	

The district did have a decrease in net assets between the two years. The district's combined net assets of approximately \$360,000 is 6.0% smaller than on June 30, 2004. Most of the decrease in the district's financial position came from its General and Capital Outlay funds.

The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets and liabilities in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the school, consisting of capital/lease purchase payable, have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Assets. The difference between the school's assets and liabilities is its net assets.

#### Changes in Net Assets

The district's total revenues (excluding transfers) totaled \$235,366 in FY04 and \$212,834 in FY05 (See Table A-4.) This was a 9.6% decrease between the two years. Approximately 94% of the district's revenue comes from property and other taxes in FY05. (See Table A-2)

Table A-2
Carthage School District 48-2
Sources of Revenues
Fiscal Years 2004 and 2005

	2004		200	5
Taxes State Sources Operating Grants & Contributions Charges for Services Miscellaneous Unrestricted Investment Earnings	\$ 226,322 2,737  - 1,768 	96.16% 1.16%   .75% _1.93%	\$ 200,605 2,056 1,707 1,659 2,925 3,882	94.26% .97% .80% .78% 1.37% 
Total Revenue	<u>\$ 235,366</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$ 212,834</u>	100.00%

The district's total expenses totaled \$227,577 in FY04 and \$235,716 in FY05. (See Table A-4.) This was a 3.6% increase between the two years. The School's expenses cover a range of services, encompassing instruction and support services. (See Table A-3)

Table A-3
Carthage School District 48-2
Statement of Expenditures
Fiscal Year 2004 and 2005

	2004		200	5
Instruction Support Services Interest on Long Term Debt	\$ 141,059 86,518	61.98% 38.02% =	\$ 150,742 84,800 <u>174</u>	63.95% 35.98% 
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 227,577</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$ 235,716</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

# **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:**

Table A-4 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of the governmental activities.

Table A-4
Carthage School District 48-2
Changes in Net Assets

	Total Governmental Activities			Total Percentage Change
		2004	2005	
Revenues	•			
Program Revenues				400.00/
Charges for Services	\$	-	1,659	100.0%
Operating Grants and Contributions		-	1,707	100.0%
General Revenues				
Taxes		226,322	200,605	-11.4%
Revenue State Sources		2,737	2,056	-24.9%
Other General Revenues		1,768	2,925	65.4%
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		4,539	3,882	-14.5%
Total Revenues		235,366	212,834	-9.6%
Expenses			450 740	6.9%
Instruction		141,059	150,742	-2.0%
Support Services		86,518	84,800	
Interest on Long Term Debt			174	100.0%
Total Expenses		227,577	235,716	3.6%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Special			(50,000)	-393.8%
Items and Transfers		7,789	(22,882)	-393.076
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	7,789 \$	(22,882)	-393.8%
Ending Net Assets	\$	379,625 \$	356,743	-6.0%

In FY05, revenues for the School's governmental activities decreased 9.6% while expenses for governmental activities increased by 3.6%. The most remarkable decrease in revenue is approximately a \$26,000 decrease in tax revenues due in part to a decrease in taxes receivable in FY05 compared to FY04. Other changes in revenues were an increase in other general revenues due in part to an increase in county apportionment and decreases in revenue state sources and investment earnings due to decreases in state aid and interest earned. The slight percentage increase in expenses was a result of instruction expenses due to the normal increase in salaries and wages.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

The Special Education Fund had an increase in fund balance for the FY05 year by \$27,638. The General and Capital Outlay Funds had decreases of \$23,676 and \$14,377 respectively. The reason for the increase in Special Education Fund is primarily due to the Special Education Fund bringing in a tax levy of approximately \$40,000 but only having special education expenditures of approximately \$13,000. The primary reason for the decrease in the General and Capital Outlay Funds was due to the fact that the school's revenues collected do not cover the expenditures. The school does not receive state aid in the General Fund and does not have a tax levy for the Capital Outlay Fund. The school's fund balances in these two funds have been steadily decreasing over the past four years and the school is scheduled to close in FY09.

The Special Education Fund had an increase in fund balance for the FY04 year by \$27,855. General and Capital Outlay Funds had a decrease of \$43,142 and \$147 respectively.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHT**

Over the course of the year, the School Board revised the School budget. These amendments fall into two categories:

- Supplemental appropriations and contingency transfers approved for unanticipated, yet necessary, expenses to provide for items necessary for the education program of this district.
- Increases in appropriations, primarily by contingency transfer, to prevent budget overruns.

Budget increases in FY04 were due to the increase in transportation in the General Fund. There were no budget increases in FY05.

#### CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of 2005, the district had invested \$26,432 in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, buildings, various machinery and equipment. (See Table A-5.) There is a 4.63% increase in net capital assets for the governmental activities due to the school purchasing computers in FY05.

Table A-5
CARTHAGE DISTRICT - Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					Total Total Dollar Percent Change Change	
		2004		2005	20	04-2005_	2004-2005
Land	\$	3	\$	3	\$	-	0.00%
Buildings	•	2,612		1,574	\$	(1,038)	-39.74% -6.28%
Improvements Other Than Buildings		22,647		21,225 3,630	\$ \$	(1,422) 3,630	100.00%
Machinery and Equipment Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$	25,262	\$	26,432	\$	1,170	4.63%

This year's major capital asset purchases for FY05 were computers.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end the School had \$3,688 in long-term obligations. See Table A-6 below.

Table A-6
CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT - Outstanding Debt and Obligations

	Governmental Activities				Total Dollar Change	Total Percentage Change
	2004			2005	2004-2005	2004-2005
Capital Purchase Payable				3,688	3,688	100.00%
Total Outstanding Debt and Obligations	\$	· •	\$	3,688	3,688	100.00%

In FY05, the school entered into a capital lease/purchase agreement to buy computers on a three-year installment plan.

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The School's current economic position has shown little change. The School can generate funding by one main source, property taxes. Total property valuation does increase slightly each year to generate additional local revenue. The School did experience an increase in total property valuation of approximately \$4.2 million or 12% from the prior year. The increase in property valuation allows the School the ability to increase the amount of revenue generated from property taxes, however, the total amount which can be levied is limited by the State of South Dakota.

The school's enrollment for the last two years has been as follows:

Table A-7, Carthage School District ADM For the Last Two Years

YEAR	<u>ADM</u>	Percent Increase in ADM
2005 2004	9	0.0% 125.0%

# CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Carthage School's Business Office, PO Box 2125, Carthage SD 57349-2125.

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

	GOVER	GOVERNMENT NMENTAL TVITIES
ASSETS:  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Taxes Receivable  Capital Assets:		256,962 87,566 3
Land Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		26,429
TOTAL ASSETS		370,960
LIABILITIES: Other Current Liabilities	\$	10,529
Noncurrent Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due in More than One Year		1,815 1,873
TOTAL LIABILITIES		14,217
NET ASSETS: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related De	bt	22,744
Restricted for:		48,656
Capital Outlay		97,582
Special Education		187,761_
Unrestricted	<u> </u>	356,743
TOTAL NET ASSETS TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	370,960

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		PF	OGRAM REVENUES
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS	EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Instruction Support Services	\$ 150,74 84,86 1		1,659 
Interest on Long Term Debt  Total Governmental Activities	235,7	16	1,659
Total Primary Government	\$ 235,7	16 \$	1,659

## NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

			$CH_{L}$	ANGES	IN MET ABBETS
PROGRAM REVENUES				MARY	GOVERNMENT
OPERA:		CAPITA	Ī.		
OPERA.	TTIO		GOVE	RNMENTAL	
GRANTS	AND	GRANTS A		Δ.	TIVITIES
CONTRIBU	JIIONS	CONTRIBU	10115		
\$	1,707	\$	· -	\$	(150,742) (81,434) (174)
	1,707				(232,350)
\$	1,707	\$		\$	(232,350)
GENERAL	REVEN	JES:			
Taxes: Property Gross R	eccipts Ta	axes		\$	189,967 10,638
Revenue		e Sources:			2,056
State A	id				3,882
Unrestrict	ted Invest	ment Earnings			2,925
Other Ger	neral Rev	enues			
Total Gene					209,468
Change in Net Assets					(22,882)
Net Assets-Beginning					379,625
Net Assets	-Ending			\$	356,743

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

Taxes ReceivableDelinquent  TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:  Liabilities:  Contracts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholding and Employer Matching Payable Deferred Revenue  9,264  1,265 75,820 28		ENERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND
TOTAL ASSETS  \$\frac{186,544 \\$ 48,084}{48,084}\$\$ <b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b> Liabilities: 9,264  Contracts Payable 9,264  Payroll Deductions and Withholding and 1,265  Employer Matching Payable 75,820 28  Deferred Revenue 86,349 28	Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes ReceivableCurrent	\$ 73,420	48,656
Liabilities: 9,264  Contracts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholding and Employer Matching Payable 75,820 28  Deferred Revenue 86,349 28		\$ 186,544 \$	48,684
Deferred Revenue 86,349 28	Liabilities: Contracts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholding and	1,265	- - 28
Total Liabilities	Deferred Revenue		28
Fund Balances:			
Designated for Cash Flow 100,755	Designated for Cash Flow	100,195	38,000 10,656
Undesignated 100,195 48,650 Total Fund Balances		 100,195	48,656
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES \$ 186,544 \$ 48,684		 186,544 \$	48,684

	SPECIAL	GOVE	TOTAL RNMENTAL
	EDUCATION FUND	I	UNDS
\$	97,582 11,509 209	\$	256,962 84,929 2,637
-	109,300	\$	344,528
_			
			9,264
	- 11,718		1,265 87,566
-	11,718		98,095
	15,560 82,022		153,755 92,678
	97,582		246,433
_	\$ 109,300	\$	344,528
_			
		٠.	

# CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	246,433
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	The cost of capital assets are Accumulated depreciation is Net	148,145 (121,713)	26,432
Long-term liabilities, including capital lease payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	Capital Lease Net	(3,688)	(3,688)
Assets such as taxes receivable (delinquent) are not available to pay for the current period expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.	General Fund receivable General Fund delinquent Net	73,420 2,400	75,820
	Capital Outlay Fund receivable Capital Outlay Fund delinquent Net	28	28
	Special Education fund receivable Special Education fund delinquent Net	11,509 209	11,718
Net Assets-Governmental Funds		<u>_\$</u>	356,743

# CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	GE I	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	
Revenues:  Revenue from Local Sources:  Taxes:  Ad Valorem Taxes  Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	<b>\$</b>	157,008 \$ 2,109 66	32
Tax Deed Revenue Gross Receipts Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes		10,638 552 1,669	11
Earnings on Investments and Deposits  Food Service Other Sales		1,659	-
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Rentals Refund of Prior Years Expenditures Other		150 120 62	- - 8
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:  County Sources:  County Apportionment  Other Intermediate		1,147 129	- ·
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Other State Revenue		2,056 1,309	- -
Revenue from Federal Sources: Other Federal Revenue		1,707 180,381	- 5 789
Total Revenue		100,301	<u> </u>

	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	G(	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	39,710 307	\$	196,718 2,448
	•		66 10,638
	121		684
	1,475		3,882
	-		1,659
	-		150
	-		120 70
	-		1,147
	-		129
	-		2,056 1,309
	-		1,309
	-		1,707
<u>-</u> \$	41,613	\$	222,783

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	_	NERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	_
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs: Elementary		\$ 67,730	ş -	-
Special Programs: Programs for Special Education Other Special Programs		67,053		-
Support Services: Support Services - Pupils: Health		70		-
Support Services - General Administration: Board of Education Executive Administration		10,103 6,583		-
Support Services - Business: Fiscal Services Facilities Acquisition & Construction Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Food Services		16,718 - 18,664 14,211 5,138	7,50 4,99	
Support Service - Special Education Administration Costs		-	1,93	- 32
Debt Services		-	5,44	46
Capital Outlay		 206,270	19,87	 74
Total Expenditures		 (25,889)	(19,08	85)
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		 (25,005)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer In Transfers Out		2,213	(7) 5,4	38) 46
General Long-Term Debt Issued		 2,213	4,7	08
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		 (23,676)	(14,3	77)
Net Change in Fund Balances		•	63,0	
Fund Balance - Beginning		 123,871	03,0	
Fund Balance - Ending		\$ 100,195	\$ 48,6	556_

	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	GOVER FI	OTAL NMENTAL JNDS
\$	-	\$	67,730
	12,126		12,126 67,053
			70
			10,103 6,583
		- - -	16,718 7,502 23,658 14,211
	37-	<b>-</b> 4	5,138 374
		- - 	1,932 5,446
_	12,50 29,11		238,644 (15,861)
	(1,47	- /5)	2,213 (2,213) 5,446
_	(1,47		5,446
_	27,63		(10,415)
_	69,9	14	256,848
	\$ 97,5	82 \$	246,433
=			

# CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$	(10,415)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.	Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Net	5,446 (4,276)	1,170
Payment on principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	Capital Lease	1,758	1,758
The issuance of long-term debt is an other financing source in the fund statements but an increase in long-term liabilities on the government wide statements.	Other General Long-Term Debt	(5,446)	(5,446)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds, and are instead counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. The amount reported is the change in deferred tax revenues from	Taxes Receivable - Current Taxes Collected: July - December, 2004	84,929 (94,878)	(9,949)
last year.  Change in net assets of governmental activities		=	\$ (22,882)

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	_	PROGRAM REVENUES
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Instruction Support Services	\$ 141,059 86,518	\$ - -
Total Governmental Activities	227,577	
Total Primary Government	\$ 227,577	\$

### NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

				CHANGES IN TEST TROOPER			
PROGRAM REVENUES			PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
OPERATING CAPITAL GRANTS AND GRANTS AN CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRIBUTION			G	OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	(141,059) (86,518) (227,577)		
\$		\$		\$	(227,577)		
GENERAL RE	VEN	JES:					
Taxes: Property Ta Gross Recei	ipts T	axes		\$	216,544 9,778		
Revenue from State Aid Unrestricted I Other Genera	nvest	ment Earnings			2,737 4,539 1,768		
Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets					235,366		
				7,789			
Net Assets-Beg					371,836		
Net Assets-End	ling			\$	379,625		

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	 GENERAL FUND		
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Gross Receipts Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes	\$ 153,868 2,144 9,778 739 2,315	\$	49 - 17 1,089
Earnings on Investments and Deposits Other Revenue from Local Sources: Rentals	150		-
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Apportionment Other	1,108 87		-
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Other State Revenue	 2,737 423		<u>-</u>
Total Revenue	 173,349	\$	1,155

SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS						
3	31,674	\$	185,542					
	67		2,260 9,778					
	26		782					
	1,135		4,539					
	-		150					
	-		1,108					
	-		87					
	•		2,737					
			423_				٠	
\$	32,902	\$	207,406					

# CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		NERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND		
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs: Elementary	\$	75,259 \$	-		
Special Programs: Programs for Special Education Other Special Programs		57,749	- -		
Support Services: Support Services - Pupils: Health		90	- -		
Support Services - General Administration: Board of Education Executive Administration		13,441 7,159	-		
Support Services - Business: Fiscal Services		25,332	105		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Food Services	,	18,429 20,826 430	108		
Total Expenditures		218,715	213		
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(45,366)	942_		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer In		2,224	(1,089)		
Transfers Out		2,224	(1,089)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(43,142)	(147)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		167,013	63,180		
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$	123,871 \$	63,033		

				•		
EDUC	CIAL CATION GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS				
\$	- \$	75,259				
	3,912 -	3,912 57,749				
	-	90				
	-	13,441 7,159				
	- - - -	25,332 105 18,537 20,826 430				
	3,912	222,840				
	28,990	(15,434)			•	
	(1,135)	2,224 (2,224)				
	(1,135)					
	27,855	(15,434)				
	42,089 69,944 \$	272,282 256,848				
			•			

# CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO.48-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

(15,434)Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Capital Outlays Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets (4,737)Depreciation Expense are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. (4,737)However, for governmental activities those costs Net are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period. 95,561 Taxes Receivable - Current Because some property taxes will not be collected Taxes Collected: for several months after the District's fiscal year July - December, 2003 (67,601)ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues 27,960 in the governmental funds, and are instead counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. The amount reported is the change in deferred tax revenues from last year. 7,789 Change in net assets of governmental activities

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

### a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Carthage School District No. 48-2, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable if its Governing Board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on the organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District (primary government). The School District may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the School District. The School District has no component units.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

#### b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the School District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. The school did not have any business activities in fiscal years 2004 and 2005.

The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources, in a net assets form (assets minus liabilities equal net assets).

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONT'D)

b. Basis of Presentation: (cont'd)

Net assets are displayed in three components, as applicable, invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into one major categories which is governmental. During the two-year audit period ending June 30, 2005, the school did not have proprietary or fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONT'D)

b. Basis of Presentation: (cont'd)

#### Governmental Funds:

General Fund - A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district, excluding the capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund: A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund: A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance that reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

# c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

- 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONT'D)
  - c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting: (cont'd)

#### Measurement Focus:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements: In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds.

#### Basis of Accounting:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements: All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Carthage School District 48-2, the length of that cycle is sixty days.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONT'D)

# d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

**Government-Wide Financial Statements:** In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental activities columns.

Fund Financial Statements: Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund receivables (reported in "Advance to" asset accounts) are equally offset by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" since they are not a component of net current assets. Current portions of interfund receivables (reported in "due from" asset accounts) are considered "available spendable resources."

#### e. <u>Inventory</u>:

In the government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased (consumed). Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. No material inventories were on hand at June 30, 2005.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONT'D)

#### f. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at the estimated fair value on the date donated.

Interest costs incurred during construction of general capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

The total June 30, 2005 balance of capital assets for governmental activities are all valued at original cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated Useful Life
Land Land Improvements Buildings Machinery & Equipment	\$ \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000	Straight-line Straight-line Straight-line	15-25 years 10-50 years 3-10 years

Land, an inexhaustible capital asset, is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements: In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONT'D)

#### g. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist of a capital lease/purchase contract.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources) and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due.

#### h. Program Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1. Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONT'D)

# i. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave:

Annual leave is earned by the employees at the rate of two days per year. Upon termination, employees are not entitled to receive compensation for their accrued annual leave balance.

Sick leave is earned by the employees at the rate of ten days per year. Upon termination, employees are not entitled to receive compensation for their accrued annual leave balance.

#### j. Deferred Revenue:

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables, such as taxes receivable, may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

## k. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes.

## 1. Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: Equity is classified as net assets and is displayed in three components:

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONT'D)

## 1. Equity Classifications: (cont'd)

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Financial Statements: Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between "Reserved" and "Unreserved" components.

#### m. Application of Net Assets:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net assets, prior to the use of unrestricted net assets, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### n. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK:

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a); or in shares of an openend, no-loan fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b). Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Deposits - The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Deposits are reported at cost plus interest, if the account is of the add-on type.

Interest Rate Risk - The School District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK: (CONT'D)

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the General Fund for all governmental funds.

The United States generally accepted accounting principles, on the other hand, requires income from deposits and investments to be recorded in the fund whose assets generated that income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other than the fund that provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Accordingly, in the fund financial statements, interfund transfers of investment earnings are reported, while in the government-wide financial statements, they have been eliminated.

#### 3. PROPERTY TAX:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable, which is intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations, but which will not be collected during the current fiscal year or within the "availability period" has been deferred in the fund financial statements. Property tax revenues intended to finance the current year's appropriations, and therefore susceptible to accrual, has been reported as revenue in the government-wide financial statements, even though collection will occur in a future fiscal year.

## 4. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the two fiscal years ending June 30, 2005 is as follows:

Primary Government:	Balan 7/01/		Inc	reases	Decre	ases		lance 30/05
Governmental activitie Capital assets, not be depreciated: Land	s: ing \$		\$	3	\$		\$	3
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings		<del></del> -		84,325				84,325
Improvements other than Buildings Machinery and Equipmer Totals	3			26,226 37,591 148,142		 		26,226 37,591 148,142
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings				82,751		<del></del>		82,751
Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipme	nt			5,001 33,961				5,001 33,961
Total accumulated Depreciation Governmental activity			<u> </u>	121,713 26,429	<del></del>		\$	121,713 26,429
capital assets, n	et <u>\$</u>		<del>2</del> _	20, 120	<del></del>		1	-1 manahan

FY04 was the first year of GASB 34 reporting. During FY05, the school purchased computers for the school.

Depreciation expense for FY04 and FY05 combined was charged to functions as follows:
Governmental activities:

overnmental activities:	\$ 7,972
Instruction	1,041
Support Services	\$ 9,013
Support Services  Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	 

#### LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

Amount Due Within Balance Balance One Year 6/30/05 Decreases Increases 7/01/03

Governmental Activities:

Capital Lease 1,815 \$ 3,688 \$ 1,758 5,446 \$ Payable

Debt Payable at June 30, 2005 is comprised of the following:

Capital Lease Payable:

The Carthage School District No. 48-2 entered into a leasepurchase agreement to buy computers on an installment plan on 10/4/04. The capital lease agreement is payable October 4, 2004 through October 31, 2006 with an imputed interest rate of 3.19%. The Capital Outlay Fund makes payment on this debt.

3,68<u>8</u>

The purchase price at the commencement of the financing (capital acquisition) lease was:

> Principal \$ 5,446 351 Interest

> \$ 5,797 TOTAL

The annual requirements to amortize the capital lease agreement outstanding at June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Capital Lease

	Agree Principal	ment Interest	Total
2006 2007	1,815 1,873 \$ 3,688	117 60 \$ 177	1,932 1,933 \$ 3,865

#### 6. INTERFUND ACTIVITY:

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2004, consist of the following:

Transfers from the other governmental funds to the General Fund  $\frac{2,224}{}$  for income earned on deposits.

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2005, consist of the following:

Transfers from the other governmental funds to the General Fund  $\frac{2,213}{}$  for income earned on deposits.

#### 7. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS:

The following table shows the net assets restricted for other purposes as shown on the Statement of Net Assets:

Fund	Restricted By	Amount
Capital Outlay Special Education	Law Law	\$ 48,656 97,582
		<u>\$ 146,238</u>

#### 8. DESIGNATED FUND BALANCES:

As authorized by SDCL 13-11-2, the school board has determined that a year-end minimum unreserved fund balance of \$153,755 is necessary to protect the school district's cash liquidity from July 1, through mid-November of the subsequent fiscal year. This amount is reported as Unreserved Fund Balance Designated for Cash Flow Funding in the affected funds.

#### 9. RETIREMENT PLAN:

All employees, except for non-contracted staff, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System, (SDRS) a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098, or by calling (605) 773-3731.

#### 9. RETIREMENT PLAN: CONT'D

Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$4,865, \$4,576, and \$3,306 respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2005, the School District managed its risks as follows:

## Employee Health Insurance

The school district does not offer their employees health insurance coverage.

#### Liability Insurance

The School District purchases all of the school's liability insurance from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

#### Workmen's Compensation

The School District purchases liability insurance for workmen's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

#### Unemployment Benefits

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

No claims were paid for unemployment for the year ended June 30, 2004 and June 30, 2005. At June 30, 2005, no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

RECUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	OR	IGINAL	FINAL
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Tax Deed Revenue Gross Receipts Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes Earnings on Investments and Deposits	\$	142,510 \$ 800 10 4,000 500	142,510 800 10 4,000 500 12,000
Food Service Other Sales		5,500	5,500
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Rentals Donations Sale and Loss of Capital Assets Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures Other		100 10 10 10	100 10 10 10
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Apportionment		1,000 10	1,000
Other Intermediate		10	
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Other State Revenue		2,300 500	2,300 500
Revenue from Federal Sources: Other Federal Revenue	<u> </u>	4,510 173,770	4,510 173,770

# ACTUAL AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET-(BUDGETARY BASIS) POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)

\$ 157,008 2,109 66 10,638 552 1,669	\$	14,498 1,309 56 6,638 52 (10,331)
1,659		(3,841)
150 - - 120 62		50 (10) (10) 110 62
1,147		147
129		119
2,056 1,309		(244) 809
1,707		(2,803)
 180,381	·	6,611

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	ORIGINAL	INAL	
Expenditures: Instruction:			
Regular Programs: Elementary	98,300	98,300	
Special Programs: Educationally Deprived	90,000	90,000	
Support Services: Pupils: Health	500	500	
Support Services - Instructional Staff: Educational Media	2,000	2,000	
Support Services - General Administration: Board of Education Executive Administration	17,900 9,100	17,900 9,100	
Support Services - Business: Fiscal Services Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Food Services	25,300 27,200 19,700 11,500 5,000	25,300 27,200 19,700 11,500 5,000	
Contingencies Amount Transferred (Enter as Negative)	306,500	306,500	
Total Expenditures Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(132,730)	(132,730)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In	<del></del>	<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(132,730)	(132,730)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	123,871	123,871	
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$ (8,859) \$	(8,859)	

# ACTUAL AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET(BUDGETARY BASIS) POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)

67,730	30,570
67,053	22,947
70	430
· -	2,000
10,103 6,583	7,797 2,517
16,718 18,664 14,211 5,138	8,582 8,536 5,489 6,362
-	5,000
206,270	100,230
(25,889)	106,841
2,213	2,213 2,213
2,213	
(23,676)	109,054
\$ 123,871 \$ 100,195 \$	109,054

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	ORI	GINAL F	NAL
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:	\$	10 \$	10 50
Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes		50 50	50
Earnings on Investments and Deposits		·	
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Other		10	10 10
Revenue from State Sources: Other State		10	130_
Total Revenue			
Expenditures: Support Services - Business: Facilities Acquisition & Construction Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation		20,000 15,130 3,000	20,000 15,130 3,000
Debt Services		-	-
Capital Outlay	·		
		38,130	38,130
Total Expenditures	<del></del> -	(38,000)	(38,000)
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer Out General Long-Term Debt Issued		<u>-</u>	<u></u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(38,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(38,000) 63,033	63,033
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	<u></u>	25,033 \$	25,033

# ACTUAL AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)

\$ 32 11 738	(10) (18) (39) 738
8	(2) (10)
 789	659
7,502 4,994	12,498 10,136 3,000
1,932 5,446	(1,932) (5,446)
 19,874	18,256
(19,085)	18,915
(738) 5,446	(738) 5,446
4,708	4,708
(14,377)	23,623
63,033	<u> </u>
\$ 48,656 \$	23,623

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	OR	GINAL	FINAL	
Revenues:  Revenue from Local Sources:  Taxes:	\$	25,010 \$	25,010 100	
Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes		100 100	100	
Earnings on Investments and Deposits				
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Other State Revenue		10 10	10 10	
Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State Other Federal Revenue		500 10 25,740	500 10 25,740	
Total Revenue		23,740		
Expenditures:				
Instruction: Special Programs: Programs for Special Education		31,600	31,600	
Support Services: Pupils: Psychological Speech Pathology Student Therapy Services		1,000 2,500 800	1,000 2,500 800	
Special Education: Transportation Costs Other Special Education Costs		5,400	5,400	
Total Expenditures		41,300	(15,560)	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(15,560)	(15,560)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer Out		<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<del></del>	(15.5(0)	(15,560)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(15,560)	69,944	
Fund Balance - Beginning		69,944 54,384 \$	54.394	
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$</u>	J4,304 P	,	

# ACTUAL AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)

\$	39,710 \$ 307 121 1,475	14,700 207 21 1,475
	- -	(10) (10)
	-	(500) (10)
	41,613	15,873
	12,126	19,474
	•	1,000 2,500
	- -	800
	374	(374) 5,400
	12,500	28,800
	29,113	44,673
	(1,475)	(1,475) (1,475)
	(1,475)	43,198
	27,638	45,196
	69,944	43,198
<u> </u>	97,582 \$	43,170

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Tax Deed Revenue Gross Receipts Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes	\$ 142,510 800 10 4,000 500	800 10 4,000 500	
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	12,000	,,	
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Rentals Donations Sale of Assets Refunds	100 10 10	10	
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Apportionment Other	1,000 10		
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Other State Revenue	2,300 500		
Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Other Federal Revenue	1		
Total Revenue	163,77	0 163,770	

# ACTUAL AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET-(BUDGETARY BASIS) POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)

\$ 153,868 2,144 - 9,778 739 2,315	\$	11,358 1,344 (10) 5,778 239 (9,685)
150 - - -		50 (10) (10) (10)
1,108		108 77
2,737 423		437 (77)
 		(10) 9,579
1 <u>73,349</u>	<u> </u>	

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	BUDGETED A	MOUNTS
	ORIGINAL	FINAL
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs: Elementary	93,300	93,300
Special Programs: Educationally Deprived	90,000	90,000
Support Services: Pupils: Health	500	500
Support Services - Instructional Staff: Educational Media	2,000	2,000
Support Services - General Administration: Board of Education Executive Administration	17,900 9,100	17,900 9,100
Support Services - Business: Fiscal Services Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Food Services	31,300 27,200 19,200 1,500	31,300 27,200 27,273 1,500
Contingencies	5,000	5,000 (5,000)
Amount Transferred (Enter as Negative)		300,073
Total Expenditures  Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	297,000 (133,230)	(136,303)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers In		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(126.202)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(133,230)	(136,303)
Fund Balance - Beginning	167,013	167,013
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 33,783	\$ 30,710

# ACTUAL AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET-(BUDGETARY BASIS) POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)

75,25	59	18,041
57,74	19	32,251
9	90	410
	-	2,000
13,4 7,1		4,459 1,941
25,3 18,4 20,8 4	29	5,968 8,771 6,447 1,070
	-	5,000
	<u>-</u>	(5,000)
218,7	<u> </u>	81,358
(45,3	(66)	90,937
\$2,2	224 \$	2,224
2,2	224	2,224
(43,1		93,161
167,0		
\$ 123,		93,161
		-

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	OR	IGINAL	FINAL
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources:			
Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes	\$	10 \$ 50 50	10 50 50
Earnings on Investments and Deposits		_	
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Other		10	10
Revenue from State Sources: Other State Revenue		10	10
Total Revenue	130		150
Expenditures: Support Services - Business: Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation		20,000 15,130 3,000	20,000 15,130 3,000
Total Expenditures	38,130		38,130
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(38,000)	(38,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers Out			<del>_</del>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>,</u>	(38,000)	(38,000)
Fund Balance - Beginning		63,180	63,180
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$</u>	25,180 \$	25,180

# ACTUAL AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)

\$ - 49 17 1,089	\$ (10) (1) (33) 1,089
	(10)
<u>-</u>	(10)
1,155	1,025
105	19,895
108	15,022 3,000
213	37,917
942	38,942
(1,089	(1,089)
(1,089	(1,089)
(147	7) 37,853
63,180	
\$ 63,033	3 \$ 37,853

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
		GINAL	FINAL
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	25,010 \$ 100	25,010 100
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes		100	100
Earnings on Investments and Deposits		_	
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Other State		10 10	10 10
Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State Other Federal Revenue	·	500 10 25,740	500 10 25,740
Total Revenue		23,740	
Expenditures:			
Instruction: Special Programs: Programs for Special Education Support Services:		31,600	31,600
Pupils: Psychological Speech Pathology Student Therapy Services		1,000 2,500 800	1,000 2,500 800
Special Education: Other Special Education Costs Total Expenditures	<u></u>	5,400 41,300	5,400 41,300
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(15,560)	(15,560)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	<u> </u>	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(15.560)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(15,560)	(15,560)
Fund Balance - Beginning	·	42,089	42,089
Fund Balance - Ending		26,529	26,529

ACTUAL AMOUNTS FINAL BUDGET - (BUDGETARY BASIS) POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)

\$	31,674 \$ 67	6,664 (33)
	26	(74)
	1,135	1,135
	- -	(10) (10)
	<u>-</u>	(500) (10)
	32,902	7,162_
		-
	3,912	27,688
	-  	1,000 2,500 800
		5,400
	3,912	37,388
	28,990	44,550
-		
	(1,135)	(1,135)
	(1,135)	(1,135)
	27,855	43,415
	42,089	
\$	69,944 \$	43,415

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2005

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the budgetary Required Supplementary Information Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

## 2. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the School Board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General. The proposed budget is considered by the School Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
- b. After adoption by the School Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted except as indicated in Item (d).
- c. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total School District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- d. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.

#### CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 48-2 NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2005

# 2. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING: (CONT'D)

e. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

No encumbrances were outstanding at June 30, 2005.

- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- g. Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).